[This question paper contains 6 printed pages.]



Your Roll No 2022

Sr. No. of Question Paper: 1141

A

Unique Paper Code : 32161401

Name of the Paper : Molecular Biology

Name of the Course : B.Sc. (Hons.) Botany

(C.B.C.S)

Semester : IV

Duration: 3:30 Hours Maximum Marks: 75

Instructions for Candidates

- 1. Write your Roll No. on the top immediately on receipt of this question paper.
- 2. Attempt five questions in all.
- 3. Question No. 1 is compulsory.
- 4. All parts of a question should be answered together.

1. (a) Expand (any five):

 $(1 \times 5 = 5)$

- (i) RISC
- (ii) TBP



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(iii)	ORF
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- (iv) miRNA
- (v) CAP
- (vi) snRNA
- (b) Write the contributions of (any five): $(1\times5=5)$
 - (i) John Cairns
 - (ii) Francis Crick
 - (iii) H. G. Khorana
 - (iv) Fire and Mellow
 - (v) R.W. Holley
 - (vi) Fraenkel-Conrat
- (c) Define the following (any five): $(1\times5=5)$
 - (i) Spliceosome
 - (ii) Repressor
 - (iii) Hyperchromicity
 - (iv) Polysome



- (v) Processivity
- (vi) Split gene
- 2. Differentiate between the following (any five):
 (3×5=15)
 - (i) B-DNA and Z-DNA
 - (ii) DNA Polymerase I and DNA Polymerase III
 - (iii) Constitutive and Facultative Heterochromatin
 - (iv) Rho-dependent and Rho-independent termination
 - (v) Primosome and Replisome
 - (vi) Repression and Derepression
- 3. Write short note on (any three): $(5\times3=15)$
 - (i) Attenuation in Trp Operon
 - (ii) DNA packaging in eukaryotes
 - (iii) Post-translational modification of proteins
 - (iv) Mechanism of RNAi

- 4. (a) Discuss in detail, the role of general transcription factors involved in initiation of transcription in eukaryotes.
 - (b) Describe the events that help in modification of eukaryotic RNA.
- 5. (a) Describe the mechanism of positive and negative regulation in lac operon. (10)
 - (b) Name two unusual bases present in tRNA. $(1\times2=2)$
 - (c) Write down the location for the following (any three): (1×3=3)
 - (i) Pribnow Box
 - (ii) Polyadenylation signal
 - (iii) Shine-Dalgarno Sequence
 - (iv) 3'splice site
- 6. (a) With the help of a well labelled diagram, explain semi-discontinuous and bidirectional replication in

a replication bubble of linear DNA. Also show 3' & 5'orientation of template, leading & lagging strands and direction of two replication forks.

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- (b) Discuss how genetic code was deciphered? Explain the degeneracy of genetic code. (5)
- (c) List the target site and consequences of any three antibiotics inhibiting translation. (5)
- 7. (a) What is tRNA charging? Discuss in detail, initiation of translation in prokaryotes. (9)
 - (b) If the percentage of cytosine in double stranded DNA molecule is 20, determine the percentage of other 3 bases. (3)
 - (c) Give the possible reasons for the following (any three): $(1\times 3=3)$
 - (i) DNA polymerase cannot initiate replication on its own.
 - (ii) Transcription has lower fidelity than replication.

- (iii) Mitochondrial and chloroplast DNA show similarity with bacterial DNA
- (iv) Genetic code is triplet in nature.



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Your Roll No. 2022

Sr. No. of Question Paper: 1368

A

Unique Paper Code

: 32161402

Name of the Paper

: Ecology

Name of the Course

: B.Sc. (Hons.) Botany (CBCS)

Semester

: IV

Duration: 3 Hours

Maximum Marks: 75

Instructions for Candidates

- 1. Write your Roll No. on the top immediately on receipt of this question paper.
- 2. Attempt any five questions in all.
- 3. Question No. 1 is compulsory.
- 4. All questions carry equal marks.
- 5. All parts of a question must be answered together.

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1. (a) Define the following terms (Attempt any Seven): $(1 \times 7 = 7)$

- (i) Soil texture
- (ii) Pedogenesis
- (iii) Hydrological cycle
- (iv) Sciophyte
- (v) Homeostasis
- (vi) Autecology
- (vii) Glacial soil
- (viii) Thermocline
 - (ix) Ecological amplitude
- (b) Give one word for the following: $(1 \times 8 = 8)$
 - (i) Interlocking food chains
 - (ii) A process of nutrient enrichment in water bodies
 - (iii) Soil transported by running water.
 - (iv) Organisms which feed on the dead bodies of other organisms

- (v) An angiosperm which grows as a total stem parasite
- (vi) A process of nutrient enrichment in water bodies.
- (vii) Small organisms which feed on dead bodies of other organisms.
- (viii) Transition zone of a species
- 2. Differentiate between the following (Attempt any five): $(5\times3=15)$
 - (i) Autotrophic and Heterotrophic Succession
 - (ii) Analytical Characters and Synthetic Characters
 - (iii) Commensalism and Ammensalism
 - (iv) Gravitational Water and capillary water
 - (v) Predator and Parasite
 - (vi) Ecads and Ecotypes
 - (vii) Tropical forest and Temperate Forests

- 3. (a) Discuss the sequence of processes occurring during a primary succession. (5)
 - (b) Nitrogen Cycles are perfect cycles. Explain nitrogen cycling in nature with the help of a well labelled diagram showing all the reservoirs and processes. (5)
 - (c) Briefly comment on the influence of light on the distribution of plants. (5)
- 4. Write short notes on (any three): $(5\times3=15)$
 - (i) Biological spectrum
 - (ii) Shelford's law of Tolerance
 - (iii) Soil organisms
 - (iv) Mutualism
 - (v) Growth curves



(a) What are ecological pyramids? Who gave the concept? Discuss in brief the Pyramids of biomass and the limitations of these pyramids.

- (b) Mention the theories proposed for climax. How are the theories different? (5)
- (c) Give a detailed account of vegetation in Tropical Rain Forests in India. (5)
- 6. (a) Discuss the various trophic levels in an ecosystem.
 Why are the number of trophic levels limited?
 - (b) Give a brief account of seasonal Vegetation of Delhi. Deshbandhu College Library. (5)
 Karkaji, New Delhi-19
 - (c) Define the theory of continental drift. What are the various types of endemics? Discuss in brief. (5)
- 7. (a) Explain the cycling of Phosphorus in nature. Is it a sedimentary or a gaseous cycle? (5)
 - (b) What is water holding capacity? How is it different from field capacity? Suggest two methods that can help in improving the water holding capacity of soils. (5)

(5)

(c) Draw a schematic representation of Y shaped energy flow model? Explain the main features of this model.

(5)

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Your Roll No. 2. D.2.2

Sr. No. of Question Paper: 1386

A

Unique Paper Code

: 32161403

Name of the Paper

: Plant Systematics

Name of the Course

: B.Sc. (H) Botany

Semester

: IV

Duration: 3 Hours 30 Minutes

Maximum Marks: 75

Instructions for Candidates

1. Write your Roll No. on the top immediately on receipt of this question paper.

2. All questions carry equal marks.

3. Question Number 1 is compulsory. Attempt total 5 questions in all.

- 4. Attempt all parts of a question together.
- 5. Draw diagrams wherever necessary.
- 1. (a) Expand the following (any five):

 $(1 \times 5 = 5)$

(i) ICN

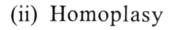
(ii) IAPT

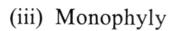


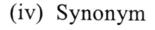
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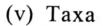
(iii)	APC
iv)	ОТІ

- (v) UPGMA
- (vi) R. Br.
- (b) Define the following terms (any five): $(1\times5=5)$
 - (i) Manual









(vi) Clade



- (c) Fill in the blanks (any five): $(1\times5=5)$
 - (i) The starting date for botanical nomenclature is _____
 - (ii) The taxonomic category indicated by the suffix '-phyta' is _____

2.

3.

(iii) Carolus Linnaeus authored the bo	ok
(iv) The concept to binomial nomenclature v	vas
(v) Free central placentation is considered an character compared to ax placentation.	
(vi) The standard size of a herbarium sheet	t is
Write note on following (any three): $(5\times3=)$	15)
(a) Herbaceous origin theory of angiosperms	
(b) Principles of ICN Deshbandnu College Naikaii, New Delhi-18	Librai
(c) Biological species concept	9
(d) Contributors of phylogenetic systems classification	of
·	
Differentiate Between (any five): $(3\times5=1)$	15)
(a) Artificial and Phylogenetic systems of classificati	ion

(b) Phenogram and Cladogram

- (c) Holotype and Syntype
- (d) Regional flora and Local flora
- (e) Parallelism and Convergence
- (f) Diagnosis and Description



4. Give a detailed account of a natural **OR** a phylogenetic classification. Also enlist the merits and demerits.

(12+3=15)

5. (a) Discuss the role of palynology **OR** phytochemistry in plant systematics with suitable examples.

(7.5)

- (b) What are taxonomic keys? Discuss various types of single access keys with their features and utility. (7.5)
- 6. (a) Give an example of following (any five): $(1 \times 5 = 5)$
 - (i) Genus named after a person
 - (ii) A database that consists of images of herbarium
 - (iii) Tautonym

- (iv) Most primitive living angiosperm
- (v) Journal devoted to taxonomy
- (vi) Regional Flora
- (b) What are the merits of numerical taxonomy over conventional taxonomy? (6)

OR Deshbandhu College Line Kalkali, New Delhi-1

Discuss Principle of Priority and its limitations?

- (c) Interpret the following (any four): $(1\times4=4)$
 - (i) Acacia nilotica (Linn.) Del. ssp. nilotica
 - (ii) Gossypium tomentosum Nutt, ex Seem
 - (iii) Salix aurita x S. caprea
 - (iv) Phyllanthus Linn, emend. Mull.
 - (v) X Triticale
- 7. (a) What are the roles of Botanical Gardens? Name any one national and one international botanical garden of repute and briefly highlight their key features. (2+2+2=6)

(b) Write alternate name and type genus of the following families (any five): (5)

Cruciferae, Umbelliferae, Labiatae, Compositae, Gramineae, Palmae

(c) Write a note on characters and character coding in cladistics methodology. (4)